

By Personal Delivery

September 25, 2003

The Honorable Bill Lockyer
Attorney General of the State of California
1300 I Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

RECEIVED SEP 2 5 2003

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

Attn.: Tricia Knight, Initiative Coordinator

Re: Request for Preparation of Title and Summary – Initiative Statute

Dear Ms. Knight:

I am the proponent of the enclosed initiative measure, which is entitled "The California Clean Money/Clean Elections Act of 2004." Pursuant to Elections Code section 9002, I hereby request the preparation of a title and summary of the chief purposes and points of the proposed measure. Enclosed is a check for \$200 made payable to the State of California.

I am a registered voter in the County of Los Angeles. My residence address is set forth in an attachment hereto. I have also signed and attached the statement required pursuant to Elections Code section 9608.

You are hereby authorized to direct all further inquiries and correspondence regarding this proposed measure to my attorney: Fredric D. Woocher, Strumwasser & Woocher LLP, 100 Wilshire Blvd., Ste. 1900, Santa Monica, CA 90401, (310) 576-1233.

Sincerely,

Arianna Huffington Initiative Proponent

Enclosures

STATEMENT REQUIRED BY ELECTIONS CODE SECTION 9608

I, Arianna Huffington, acknowledge that it is a misdemeanor under state law (Section 18650 of the Elections Code) to knowingly or willfully allow the signatures on an initiative petition to be used for any purpose other than qualification of the proposed measure for the ballot. I certify that I will not knowingly or willfully allow the signatures for this initiative to be used for any purpose other than qualification of the measure for the ballot.

Arianna Huffington Proponent

Dated this 21 th day of fyrteule, 2003

SEP 2 5 2003

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

1	PROPOSED LAW					
2 3	CAL	IFORNIA C	LEAN MONEY/CLEAN ELECTIONS ACT OF 2004	ONEY/CLEAN ELECTIONS ACT OF 2004		
4 5						
6 7	This measure Government		etes, and amends the following sections of the California			
8	Castian 1	Title				
9 10	Section 1.	Title				
11	Thic	meacure chall	l be known as the "California Clean Money/Clean Elections A	Δ c1		
12	of 2004."	incasure snan	The known as the Camorna Clean Worley/Clean Elections A	101		
13	01 2004.					
14	Section 2.	Article 1 (c	commencing with Section 85100), Article 2.5 (commencing			
15			icle 3 (commencing with Section 85300), Article 4			
16		,,	on 85400), Article 5 (commencing with Section 85500), Artic	le		
17			ion 85600), Article 7 (commencing with Section 85700) of			
18			e Government Code are repealed.			
19	4					
20	Section 3.	Paragraph	(iii) of subdivision (b)(2)(B) of Section 82015 of the			
21	Government	Code is repea				
22		-				
23 24	Section 4.	Section 83	124 of the Government Code is repealed.			
25	Section 5.	Chapter 5 ((commencing with Section 85100) of Title 9 of the Government	ent		
26		nded to read:	` '			
27						
28	CHA	PTER 5.	California Clean Money/Clean Elections Act of 2004			
29			•			
30			Article 1. General			
31						
32	85100.	<u>Title</u>				
33						
34	This	chapter shall	be known as the California Clean Money/Clean Elections Ac	t		
35	of 2004.					
36						
37	85101 .	Findings au	nd Declarations			
38	<u></u>					
39	The p	people of the	State of California find and declare all of the following:			
40		771	4			
41	(a)		at campaign finance system burdens elected officeholders and			
42			sant rigors of fundraising and thus decreases the time available	٥		
43 44	to carry out	neir public re	esponsibilities.			
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- (b) The current campaign finance system diminishes the free speech rights of non-wealthy voters and candidates whose voices are drowned out by those who can afford to monopolize the arena of paid political communications.
- (c) The current campaign finance system fuels the public perception of corruption, at worst, and conflict of interest, at best, and undermines public confidence in the democratic process and democratic institutions.
- (d) The current campaign finance system diminishes elected officials' accountability to their constituents by compelling them to be disproportionately accountable to the major contributors who finance their election campaigns.
- (e) The ever-increasing costs of political campaigns in competitive races force most candidates to raise larger and larger percentages of money from interest groups that have a specific financial stake in the outcome of the elections and in matters before our state government.
- (f) Existing term limits place a greater demand on fundraising for the next step election even for elected officials in safe seats.
- (g) The rapidly increasing amounts of independent expenditures point to a growing trend of special interest groups to funnel funds through independent expenditure committees in an effort to skirt the contribution limitation laws.
- (h) The current campaign finance system undermines the First Amendment right of voters and candidates to be heard in the political process; it undermines the First Amendment right of voters to hear all candidates' speech; and it undermines the core First Amendment value of open and robust debate in the political process.
- (i) Because of legislative reapportionment, most legislative campaigns are not competitive and thus candidates do not have to spend huge sums to be elected. However, campaign costs in competitive elections can exceed a million dollars. This law is designed to address both situations by providing smaller amounts of public funds in non-competitive races and much larger sums in competitive contests. By doing this, the Clean Money/Clean Elections Act saves the taxpayers of California from unnecessarily expending large sums of public money.
- (j) In states where the clean money/clean elections laws have been enacted and used, election results show that more individuals, especially women and minorities, run as candidates; voter turnout increases; more people make financial contributions; and overall campaign costs decrease.
- (k) The current campaign finance system creates a danger of actual corruption by encouraging elected officials to take money from private interests that are directly affected by governmental actions.

1 2	85102.	<u>Purposes</u>
3	The	people of the State of California enact this law to accomplish the following
4		related purposes:
5		
6	(a)	To reduce the influence of large contributions on the decisions made by
7	state govern	ment.
8		
9	(b)	To remove wealth as a major factor affecting whether an individual
10	chooses to b	pecome a candidate.
11		
12	(c)	To provide a greater diversity of candidates to participate in the electoral
13	process.	
14	(1)	m
15	(d)	To reverse the escalating cost of elections that have increased far beyond
16	the increase	s in the cost of living.
17 18	(a)	To name to condidates to nursus nalicy issues instead of heins nreasonnied
19	(e)	To permit candidates to pursue policy issues instead of being preoccupied ising and to allow officeholders to spend more time carrying out their official
20	duties.	ising and to allow officeholders to spend more time carrying out their official
21	duties.	
22	(f)	To diminish the danger of actual corruption and the public perception of
23	· /	and to strengthen public confidence in the integrity of the governmental and
24	election pro	
25	ciocion pro	
26	(g)	To ensure that independent expenditures are not used to evade
27	contribution	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
28		
29	85103.	Interpretation of Chapter
30		
31	Unle	ess specifically superseded by this chapter, the definitions and provisions of
32	this title sha	ll govern the interpretation of this chapter.
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34	85104.	Affiliated Entities; Aggregation of Contributions.
35	(a)	The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and
36	controlled b	y any individual shall be aggregated with contributions made by that

(a) The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by any individual shall be aggregated with contributions made by that individual and any other entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by the same individual.

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- (b) If two or more entities file joint federal tax returns, all contributions made by such entities shall be aggregated, unless those entities act independently in their decisions to make contributions.
- 42 (c) If two or more entities make contributions that are directed and controlled 43 by a majority of the same persons, the contributions of those entities shall be aggregated.

(d) (Contributions made by entities that are majority owned by any person
shall be aggrega	tted with the contributions of the majority owner and all other entities
majority owned	by that person, unless those entities act independently in their decisions
to make contrib	utions.

- (e) For the purpose of this section and any time the term is used in this title, "majority owned" means an ownership of more than 50 percent.
- (f) For the purpose of this section and any time the term is used in this title, "entity" means any person other than an individual.

9 85105. <u>Category I Candidate</u>

"Category I Candidate" means a candidate seeking nomination for a state office from a party whose gubernatorial nominee has received twenty percent (20%) or more of the votes at the last regular gubernatorial election.

85106. Category II Candidate

"Category II Candidate" means a candidate seeking nomination for a state office from a party whose gubernatorial nominee has received less than twenty percent (20%) but at least five percent (5%) of the votes at the last regular gubernatorial election.

85107. Coordination

"Coordination" means a payment made for a communication or anything of value that is for the purpose of influencing the outcome of a state election and that is made:

- (a) By a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, at the request or suggestion of, or pursuant to a particular understanding with a candidate, a candidate's controlled committee, or an agent acting on behalf of a candidate or controlled committee;
- (b) By a person for the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of any broadcast or any written, graphic, or other form of campaign material prepared by a candidate, a candidate's controlled committee, or an agent of a candidate or controlled committee;
- (c) Based on specific information about the candidate's plans, projects, or needs provided to the person making the payment by the candidate or the candidate's agent who provides the information with a view toward having the payment made;
- (d) By a person if, in the same primary and general election in which the payment is made, the person making the payment is serving or has served as a member, employee, fund-raiser, or agent of the candidate's controlled committee in an executive or policymaking position;
- 35 (e) By a person if the person making the payment has served in any formal 36 policy or advisory position with the candidate's campaign or has participated in strategic 37 or policymaking discussions with the candidate's campaign relating to the candidate's

- pursuit of nomination for election, or election, to a state office, in the same primary and general election as the primary and general election in which the payment is made; or,
- 3 (f) By a person if the person making the payment retains the professional 4 services of an individual or person who, in a non-ministerial capacity, has provided or is 5 providing campaign-related services in the same election to a candidate who is pursuing 6 the same nomination or election as any of the candidates to whom the communication 7 refers.

8 85108. Excess Expenditure Amount

"Excess expenditure amount" means the amount of money spent or obligated to be spent by a non-participating candidate in excess of the Clean Money amount available pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 85301) to a participating candidate running for the same office.

13 85109. <u>Exploratory Period</u>

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"Exploratory period" means the period beginning 18 months before the primary election for statewide candidates and 12 months before the primary election for legislative candidates and ending on the last day of the qualifying period. The exploratory period begins before, but extends to the end of, the qualifying period.

18 85110. General Election Campaign Period

"General election campaign period" means the period beginning the day after the primary election and ending on the day of the general election.

21 85111. Independent Candidate

22 "Independent candidate" means a candidate who does not represent a political
23 party that has been granted ballot status for the general election and who has qualified to
24 be on the general election ballot. An independent candidate shall be considered a
25 Category I candidate if the candidate receives at least twenty percent (20%) of the vote in
26 the ensuing general election and a Category II candidate if the candidate receives at least
27 five percent (5%) but less than twenty percent (20%) of the vote in the ensuing general
28 election.

29 85112. Non-Participating Candidate

"Non-participating candidate" means a candidate who is on the ballot but has chosen not to apply for Clean Money campaign funding, or a candidate who is on the ballot and has applied but has not satisfied the requirements for receiving Clean Money funding, or a candidate of a party that is not eligible for Clean Money funding.

34 85113. Participating Candidate

"Participating candidate" means a candidate who qualifies for Clean Money campaign funding. Such candidates are eligible to receive Clean Money funding during primary and general election campaign periods.

1 85114. Party Candidate

- 2 "Party candidate" means a candidate who represents a political party that has been
- 3 granted ballot status and holds a primary election to choose its nominee for the general
- 4 election.
- 5 85115. <u>Petty Cash</u>
- 6 "Petty cash" means cash amounts of one hundred dollars (\$100) or less per day
- 7 that are drawn on the Clean Elections Debit Card and used to pay expenses of no more
- 8 than twenty-five dollars (\$25) each.
- 9 85116. Political Party Committee
- "Political party committee" means the state central committee or county central
- 11 committee of an organization that meets the requirements for recognition as a political
- 12 party pursuant to Section 5100 of the Elections Code.
- 13 85117. Primary Election Campaign Period
- 14 "Primary election campaign period" means the period beginning 118 days before
- 15 the primary election and ending on the day of the primary election.
- 16 85118. Qualifying Contribution
- "Qualifying contribution" means a contribution of five dollars (\$5), exactly, that
- is received during the designated qualifying period by a candidate seeking to become
- eligible for Clean Money campaign funding and shall be from a registered voter of the
- 20 electoral jurisdiction in which the candidate is running.
- 21 85119. Qualifying Period
- "Qualifying period" means the period during which candidates are permitted to
- 23 collect qualifying contributions in order to qualify for Clean Money funding. The
- 24 qualifying period begins 270 days before the primary election for statewide candidates
- and 180 days before the primary election for candidates for the Legislature, and it ends 30
- 26 days before the day of the primary election.
- 27 85120. Seed Money Contribution
- 28 "Seed money contribution" means a contribution of no more than two hundred
- and fifty dollars (\$250) made by an individual adult resident of the state during the
- 30 exploratory period.
- 31 85121. Small Contributor Committee
- "Small contributor committee" means any committee that meets all of the
- 33 following criteria:
- 34 (a) The committee has been in existence for at least six months;

1	(b) The committee receives contributions from 100 or more persons;
2 3	(c) No one person has contributed to the committee more than one hundred dollars (\$100) per calendar year;
4	(d) The committee makes contributions to five or more candidates; and
5 6	(e) The committee is not a candidate-controlled committee pursuant to Section 82016.
7 8 9	Article 3. Clean Money
0	85301. <u>Eligibility for Clean Money Campaign Funding for Party Candidates</u>
11	(a) A party candidate qualifies as a participating candidate for the primary election campaign period if the following requirements are met:
13 14 15 16 17	(1) The candidate has qualified for a place on the ballot and files a declaration with the Commission that the candidate has complied and will comply with all of the requirements of this chapter, including the requirement that during the exploratory period and the qualifying period the candidate not accept or spend private contributions from any source other than seed money contributions, Clear Money funds, and political party funds; and
19 20	(2) The candidate meets the following qualifying contribution requirements before the close of the qualifying period:
21 22	(A) A Category I candidate must collect at least the following number of qualifying contributions:
23 24	(i) One thousand (1,000) qualifying contributions for a candidate running for the office of Member of the Assembly;
25 26	(ii) Two thousand (2,000) qualifying contributions for candidate running for the office of Member of the State Senate;
27 28 29	(iii) Three thousand (3,000) qualifying contributions for a candidate running for the office of member of the State Board of Equalization;
30 31 32	(iv) Fifteen thousand (15,000) qualifying contributions for a candidate running for any statewide office other than Governor;
33 34	(v) Thirty thousand (30,000) qualifying contributions for a candidate running for the office of Governor.

- (B) A Category II candidate shall collect half the number of 1 2 qualifying contributions that a Category I candidate is required to collect 3 for the same office pursuant to this subsection. 4 Each qualifying contribution shall be acknowledged by a receipt to 5 the contributor, with a copy submitted to the Commission by the candidate. The receipt shall include the contributor's signature, printed name, and home address, 6 and the name of the candidate on whose behalf the contribution is made. In 7 8 addition, the receipt shall indicate by the contributor's signature that the 9 contributor understands that the purpose of the qualifying contribution is to help 10 the candidate qualify for Clean Money campaign funding and that the 11 contribution is made without coercion or reimbursement. A candidate shall be permitted to solicit and receive qualifying contributions online over the Internet, 12 13 provided that a written receipt containing the information required by this 14 subdivision, including the contributor's signature, is submitted to the Commission 15 by the candidate. 16 A contribution submitted as a qualifying contribution that does not 17 include a signed and fully completed receipt shall not be counted as a qualifying 18 contribution. 19 All five dollar (\$5) qualifying contributions, whether in the form of (5)20 cash, or checks or money orders made out to the candidate's campaign account, shall be deposited by the candidate in the candidate's campaign account. 21 22 All qualifying contributions' signed receipts shall be filed with the (6)23 Commission at the time the candidate seeks certification from the Commission as 24 a participating candidate pursuant to section 85311. The signed receipts shall be 25 organized and divided by county of origin, and their filing with the Commission 26 shall be accompanied by a check from the candidate's campaign account for the 27 total amount of qualifying contribution moneys received for deposit in the Clean 28 Elections Fund. This submission shall be accompanied by a signed statement 29 from the candidate indicating that all of the information on the qualifying contribution receipts is complete and accurate to the best of the candidate's 30
 - (b) A party candidate qualifies as a participating candidate for the general election campaign period if both of the following requirements are met:

five-dollar (\$5) qualifying contributions the candidate has received.

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(1) The candidate met all of the applicable requirements and filed a declaration with the Commission that the candidate has complied and will comply with all of the requirements of a participating candidate as stated in this chapter; and

knowledge and that the amount of the enclosed check is equal to the sum of all the

(2) As a participating candidate during the primary election campaign period, the candidate had the highest number of votes of the candidates contesting

1 2	-	imary election from the candidate's party and, therefore, won the party's nation.	
3 4	85302.	Eligibility for Clean Money Campaign Funding for Independent Candidates	
5 6		dependent candidate qualifies as a participating candidate for the general e following requirements are met:	
7 8 9		The candidate must have qualified for a place on the general election all file a declaration with the Commission that the candidate has complied ply with all of the requirements of this chapter.	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	(a)(2)(A) of S any time after forth in Secti- election. An	The candidate shall collect half the number of qualifying contributions that candidate is required to collect for the same office pursuant to subdivision Section 85301. For an independent candidate, the qualifying period begins r January 1 of the election year and lasts the same number of days as set on 85119, except that it shall end no later than 30 days before the general independent candidate shall notify the Commission within 24 hours of the candidate has begun collecting qualifying contributions.	
17	85303.	Transition Rule for First Election Cycle	
18 19 20 21 22 23	During the first election cycle that occurs after the effective date of this chapter, a candidate may be certified as a participating candidate, notwithstanding the acceptance of contributions or making of expenditures from private funds before the date of enactment that would, absent this section, disqualify the candidate as a participating candidate, provided that any private funds accepted but not expended before the effective date of this Act shall be:		
24	(a)	Returned to the contributor;	
25 26	(b) a previous car	Held in a special campaign account and used only for retiring a debt from mpaign; or,	
27	(c)	Submitted to the Commission for deposit in the Clean Elections Fund.	
28	85304.	Continuing Obligation to Comply	
29 30 31 32	campaign per	ticipating candidate who accepts any benefits during the primary election iod shall comply with all the requirements of this chapter through the on campaign period whether the candidate continues to accept benefits or	
33	85305.	Contributions and Expenditures	
34 35 36	~ .	During the primary and general election campaign periods, a participating indidate who has voluntarily agreed to participate in, and has become clean Money benefits, shall not accept private contributions from any source	

other than the candidate's political party as specified in Section 85708. Violation of this subsection shall be punishable in accordance with Sections 85904 and 85905.

- (b) During the primary and general election campaign periods, a participating Category II candidate or independent candidate who has voluntarily agreed to participate in, and has become eligible for, Clean Money benefits may nevertheless solicit and accept private contributions subject to the following conditions:
 - (1) All such private contributions shall be raised in accordance with the contribution limitations set forth in this chapter.
 - (2) The total amount of private funds raised by the candidate, when combined with the Clean Money funds that the candidate is entitled to receive for the election pursuant to Section 85312, shall not exceed the amount of Clean Money funding that the candidate would be entitled to receive pursuant to that section if the candidate were a Category I candidate for the same office, as that amount may be augmented in accordance with Section 85314.
 - (3) If the candidate receives additional Clean Money funding following the election pursuant to Section 85315, the candidate shall return to his or her private contributors, on a pro-rata basis if necessary, an amount equivalent to the additional Clean Money funding received by the candidate.
- (c) During the qualifying period and the primary and general election campaign periods, a participating candidate who has voluntarily agreed to participate in Clean Money benefits, shall not solicit or receive political contributions for any other candidate or for any political party or other political committee.
- (d) No person shall make a contribution in the name of another person. A participating candidate who receives a qualifying contribution or a seed money contribution that is not from the person listed on the receipt required by subdivision (c) of Section 85309 shall be liable to pay the Commission the entire amount of the inaccurately identified contribution, in addition to any other penalties prescribed by law.
- (e) During the primary and general election campaign periods, a participating candidate shall pay for all of the candidate's campaign expenditures, except petty cash expenditures, by means of a "Clean Elections Debit Card" issued by the Commission, as authorized under Section 85902. Participating Category II and independent candidates shall first pay all campaign expenditures, except petty cash expenditures, by means of the "Clean Elections Debit Card" out of any remaining Clean Money funding the candidates have received, prior to expending any available private contributions.
- (f) Eligible candidates shall furnish complete campaign records, including all records of seed money contributions and qualifying contributions, to the Secretary of State at regular filing times, or on request by the Commission. Candidates shall cooperate with any audit or examination by the Commission, the Franchise Tax Board, or any government enforcement agency.

1	85306.	Campaigr	Accounts for Participating Candidates	
2 3	(a) campaign fina	_	election cycle, each participating candidate shall conduct all ties through a single campaign account.	
4 5 6 7 8	(b) Notwithstanding Section 85201, a participating candidate may maintain a campaign account other than the campaign account described in subdivision (a) if the other campaign account is for the purpose of retiring a campaign debt that was incurred during a previous election campaign in which the candidate was not a participating candidate.			
9 10 11 12 13	(c) Contributions for the purpose of a retiring a previous campaign debt that are deposited in an additional campaign account as described in subdivision (b) shall not be considered "contributions" to the candidate's current campaign. Those contributions shall only be raised during the six-month period following the date of the previous election in which the campaign debt was incurred.			
14 15 16	(d) current election election cycle	on cycle ser	ing candidates shall file reports of financial activity related to the parately from reports of financial activity related to previous	
17	85307.	Use of Cl	ean Money Funds	
18 19	(a) campaign pur	-	ng candidates shall use their Clean Money funds only for direct	
20	(b)	Participat	ng candidates shall not use Clean Money funds for:	
21 22	procee	(1) Co	ests of legal defense in any campaign law enforcement this Act;	
23		(2) Inc	lirect campaign purposes, including but not limited to:	
24 25		(A candidate	The candidate's personal support or compensation to the or to the candidate's immediate family;	
26		(B	The candidate's personal appearance;	
27 28 29 30		the curren	Capital assets having an individual value in excess of two dollars (\$2,000) and a useful life extending beyond the end of t election period determined in accordance with generally accounting principles;	
31 32		(D another ca	A contribution or loan to the campaign committee of indidate or to a party committee or other political committee;	
33		(E	An independent expenditure;	

1 2	(G) Any payment or transfer for which compensating value is not received.
3	85308. <u>Use of Personal Funds</u>
4 5 6 7	(a) Personal funds contributed as seed money by a candidate seeking to become eligible as a participating candidate or by adult members of the candidate's immediate family shall not exceed the maximum of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) per contributor.
8 9 10 11	(b) Personal funds shall not be used to meet the Qualifying Contribution requirement except for one five dollar (\$5) contribution from the candidate and one five dollar (\$5) contribution from the candidate's spouse, provided that the candidate and the candidate's spouse are residents and registered voters of the candidate's electoral district
12	85309. <u>Seed Money</u>
13 14 15 16 17	(a) The only private contributions a candidate seeking to become eligible for Clean Money funding shall accept, other than qualifying contributions and limited contributions from the candidate's political party as specified in Section 85708, are seed money contributions contributed by individual adults prior to the end of the qualifying period.
18 19	(b) A seed money contribution shall not exceed two hundred and fifty dollars ($$250$) per donor.
20 21 22	(c) The aggregate amount of seed money contributions that may be accepted from all sources by a party candidate seeking to become eligible for Clean Money funding shall not exceed:
23 24	(1) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the Assembly;
25 26	(2) Twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the State Senate;
27 28	(3) Thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for a candidate running for the office of member of the State Board of Equalization;
29 30	(4) One hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) for a candidate running for a statewide office other than Governor;
31 32	(5) Three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) for a candidate running for the office of Governor.
33 34 35 36 37	(d) The aggregate amount of seed money contributions that may be accepted from all sources by an independent candidate seeking to qualify for a place on the general election ballot and seeking to become eligible for Clean Money funding shall not exceed twice the applicable aggregate limits for party candidates for the same office pursuant to subdivision (c).

- (e) Receipts for seed money contributions under fifty dollars (\$50) shall include the contributor's signature, printed name, street address, and zip code. Receipts for seed money contributions of fifty dollars (\$50) or more shall also include the contributor's occupation and name of employer. Contributions shall not be retained if the required disclosure information is not received from the contributor.
 - (f) Seed money shall be spent only during the exploratory and qualifying periods. Seed money shall not be spent during the primary or general election campaign periods. Any unspent seed money shall be turned over to the Commission for deposit in the Clean Elections Fund.
 - (g) Within 72 hours after the close of the qualifying period, candidates seeking to become eligible for Clean Money funding shall do both of the following:
- 12 (1) Fully disclose all seed money contributions and expenditures to the Commission; and
- 14 (2) Turn over to the Commission for deposit in the Clean Elections 15 Fund any seed money the candidate has raised during the exploratory period that 16 exceeds the aggregate seed money limit.

17 85310. Participation in Debates

 Participating candidates in contested races shall agree to participate in at least one public debate during a contested primary election and two public debates during a contested general election.

21 85311. Certification of Eligibility for Receipt of Clean Money Benefits

- (a) A candidate who wishes to be certified as a participating candidate shall, before the end of the qualifying period, file an application with the Commission, in a form specified by the Commission, for Clean Money benefits. The application shall be accompanied by the requisite number of signed qualifying contribution receipts. The candidate's request for certification shall be signed by the candidate and the candidate's campaign treasurer under penalty of perjury.
- (b) Upon receiving an application for Clean Money benefits from a candidate, the Commission shall select at random a sample of at least five percent (5%), but in no event less than one hundred (100), of the number of qualifying contribution receipts submitted by the candidate and shall immediately forward facsimiles of the selected receipts to the respective county elections official for verification of the signatures thereon against the signers' affidavit of registration. Within five (5) working days, the county elections officials shall provide a report to the Commission with the results of their examination of the sample of the qualifying contribution receipts.
- (c) Based upon the application and the reports received from the county elections officials, the Commission shall certify whether the candidate is eligible for receipt of Clean Money benefits and shall so notify the candidate no later than ten (10) days after receipt of the candidate's application. Eligibility can be revoked if it is

1 2 3		determined that the candidate has violated or is in violation of any of the of this Act, in which case all Clean Money funds received and spent by the ll be repaid.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	contribution reverification per hundred percessibilitied quasibilitied shall forward the candidate Commission is	The Commission's determination of eligibility is final, except that a o has been denied eligibility because the number of valid qualifying receipts submitted by the candidate was determined by the random sampling rocess to be greater than ninety-five percent (95%) but less than one ent (100%) of the requisite number may request that a verification of each alifying contribution receipt be conducted. In such event, the Commission facsimiles of all of the signed qualifying contribution receipts submitted by to the respective county elections officials for verification, and the shall base its determination of the candidate's eligibility for receipt of Clean its on the results of the elections officials' complete verification process.
14 15 16 17	mandate action	The Commission's determination of a candidate's eligibility or or Clean Money benefits is subject to expedited judicial review by a writ of on filed in the Superior Court for the County of Sacramento. Any action to this subdivision shall be given priority and calendar preference over all tions.
19	85312.	Clean Money Funding Amounts
20	(a)	For eligible party candidates in a primary election:
21 22	candio	(1) The amount of Clean Money funding for an eligible Category I date in a primary, special, or special runoff election is:
23 24		(A) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the Assembly;
25 26		(B) Two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the State Senate;
27 28 29		(C) Two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for a candidate running for the office of member of the State Board of Equalization;
30 31		(D) One million dollars (\$1,000,000) for a candidate running for a statewide office other than Governor or Attorney General;
32 33		(E) One million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) for a candidate running for Attorney General; and
34 35		(F) Six million dollars (\$6,000,000) for a candidate running for Governor.
36 37	candio	(2) The amount of Clean Money funding for an eligible Category II date in a primary election is twenty per cent (20%) of the amount that a

2	subdivision (a)(1).
3	(3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a)(1) and (a)(2),
4 5 6 7 8	(A) The Clean Money primary election funding amount for an eligible party candidate who is running in an uncontested primary election for his or her own party's nomination is fifty percent (50%) of the amount that would otherwise be provided to the candidate in a contested primary election in accordance with this section; and
9 10 11 12 13 14	(B) The Clean Money primary election funding amount for an eligible party candidate who is running in an election for which there are no contested primary elections for any party's nomination for that same office is ten percent (10%) of the amount that would otherwise be provided to the candidate in a contested primary election in accordance with this section.
15	(b) For eligible candidates in a general election:
16 17	(1) The amount of Clean Money funding for an eligible Category I candidate in a contested general election is:
18 19	(A) One hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the Assembly;
20 21	(B) Three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) for a candidate running for the office of Member of the State Senate;
22 23	(C) Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for a candidate running for the office of member of the State Board of Equalization;
24 25	(D) Two million dollars (\$2,000,000) for a candidate running for a statewide office other than Governor or Attorney General;
26 27	(E) Three million dollars (\$3,000,000) for a candidate running for Attorney General; and
28 29	(F) Ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) for a candidate running for Governor.
30 31 32 33	(2) The amount of Clean Money funding for an eligible Category II candidate and an independent candidate in a contested general election is fifty per cent (50%) of the amount that a Category I candidate running for the same office is entitled to receive pursuant to subdivision (b)(1).
34 35 36	(3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (b)(1) and (b)(2), the Clean Money general election funding amount for an eligible candidate in an uncontested general election is 10 percent (10%) of the amount that would otherwise be

provided to the candidate in a contested general election for the same office in accordance with this section.

85313. Schedule of Clean Money Funding Payments

- (a) An eligible party candidate shall receive the candidate's Clean Money funding for the primary election campaign period on the date on which the Commission certifies the candidate as a participating candidate, but no earlier than the beginning of the primary election campaign period.
- (b) An eligible party candidate shall receive the candidate's Clean Money funding for the general election campaign period within 48 hours after certification of the primary election results.
- (c) An eligible independent candidate shall receive an amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the candidate's Clean Money funding for the general election campaign period as specified in subdivision (b)(2) of Section 85312 on the date on which the Commission certifies the candidate as a participating candidate. If, according to the Secretary of State's certified results, the candidate receives at least five percent (5%) of the general election vote, then the candidate shall receive the remainder of the Clean Money funding to which the candidate is entitled pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) of Section 85312 within 48 hours after certification of the general election results. Upon receipt of the additional Clean Money funding pursuant to this subsection, the candidate shall return an equivalent amount of private contributions received by the candidate to the contributors, on a pro-rata basis if necessary. An eligible independent candidate who fails to receive at least five percent (5%) of the general election vote shall not be eligible to receive the remainder of the Clean Money funding for that election, but shall not be required to refund any Clean Money funds that were received and spent prior to the general election in accordance with this subsection.

85314. <u>Augmentation of Clean Money Funding Amounts in Response to Excess and Independent Expenditures</u>

- (a) All candidates who qualify for Clean Money funding for primary and general elections shall receive an initial allocation of Clean Money funding from the Commission for each election, the amount of which is specified in Section 85312. This funding may be used to finance any and all campaign expenses during the particular campaign period for which it was allocated.
- (b) A Category I candidate shall be entitled to receive additional Clean Money funding in the primary or general election to match any excess expenditure amount spent by a non-participating candidate opponent, as disclosed pursuant to Section 85501.
- (c) A Category I candidate shall also be entitled to receive additional Clean Money funding in the primary or general election to match any independent expenditure or electioneering communication made in opposition to his or her candidacy or in support of his or her opponents' candidacies, as disclosed pursuant to Section 85502 or Section 85504, provided that the dollar value of the independent expenditure or electioneering communication, combined with the amount raised or received to date by any opposing

candidate who benefits from the independent expenditure or electioneering communication, must exceed (1) the initial Clean Money funding allocation to which the participating candidate is entitled pursuant to Section 85312 plus (2) the amount of any independent expenditures or electioneering communications made in support of his or her own candidacy, as disclosed pursuant to Section 85502 or Section 85504.

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- A Category II candidate or an independent candidate shall be entitled to (d) receive additional Clean Money funding in the general election to match any independent expenditure or electioneering communication specifically made in opposition to his or her candidacy, as disclosed pursuant to Section 85502 or Section 85504, provided that the dollar value of the independent expenditure or electioneering communication, combined with the amount raised or received to date by any opposing candidate who benefits from the independent expenditure or electioneering communication, must exceed (1) the original Clean Money funding allocation to which the participating candidate is entitled pursuant to Section 85312 plus (2) the amount of any independent expenditures or electioneering communications made in support of his or her own candidacy, as disclosed pursuant to Section 85502 or Section 85504. A Category II candidate and an independent candidate shall only receive additional Clean Money funding pursuant to this paragraph following the certification of the election results, and only if the Secretary of State has certified that the candidate has received at least five percent (5%) of the general election vote.
- (e) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) through (d), the maximum aggregate amount of funding a participating candidate may receive to match independent expenditures and excess expenditures of non-participating candidates shall be no more than three times the original amount of Clean Money funding allocated to a participating candidate for a particular primary or general election campaign period pursuant to Section 85312.

85315. Additional Clean Money Funding for Qualifying Category II and Independent Candidates

If, according to the Secretary of State's certified election results, an eligible and participating Category II candidate receives at least twenty percent (20%) of the general election vote, then the candidate shall be entitled to receive additional Clean Money funding within 48 hours after certification of the election results in an amount equal to the amount of private contributions received by the candidate for that election, provided that the total amount of Clean Money funding received by the candidate shall not exceed the amount that an eligible Category I candidate for the same office would be entitled to receive pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 85312, as augmented by any additional Clean Money funding the candidate might be eligible to receive in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 85314. Upon receipt of additional Clean Money funding pursuant to this section, the candidate shall within seven (7) days return all private contributions received by the candidate to the contributors, on a pro-rata basis if necessary. For purposes of this section, contributions made to a candidate from his or her own personal funds or by the candidate's immediate family shall not be considered to be private contributions and shall not be reimbursed to the candidate or his or her immediate family from additional Clean Money funding.

(b) If, according to the Secretary of State's certified results, an independent candidate receives at least twenty percent (20%) of the general election vote, then the candidate shall be entitled to receive additional Clean Money funding within 48 hours after certification of the election results in an amount equal to the amount of private contributions received by the candidate for that election, provided that the total amount of Clean Money funding received by the candidate shall not exceed the amount that an eligible Category I candidate for the same office would be entitled to receive pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 85312, as augmented by any additional Clean Money funding the candidate might be eligible to receive in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 85314. Upon receipt of additional Clean Money funding pursuant to this section, the candidate shall within seven (7) days return all private contributions received by the candidate to the contributors, on a pro-rata basis if necessary. For purposes of this section, contributions made to a candidate from his or her own personal funds or by the candidate's immediate family shall not be considered to be private contributions and shall not be reimbursed to the candidate or his or her immediate family from additional Clean Money funding.

85316. Special Elections

- (a) The provisions of this chapter apply to special elections and to special runoff elections. A special election and a special runoff election are separate elections for purposes of this chapter. A special election cycle begins on the day the election is called and ends the day of the special election. Any contributions that are raised prior to the date that the election is called but that are used for the special election shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter. A special election runoff cycle means the day after the special election until the day of the special runoff election.
- (b) The Commission shall adopt rules for the appropriate adjustment of the deadlines and pro-ration of the eligibility requirements set forth in this chapter in order to account for the timetable and circumstances of the special election.
- 28 Article 4. Restrictions on Non-Participating
 29 Candidates, Political Parties, and Independent Expenditure
 30 Committees

31 85401. <u>Contribution Limitations for Non-Participating Candidates</u>

- (a) A person, other than a small contributor committee or political party committee, may not make to any non-participating candidate for elective state office other than a non-participating candidate for statewide elective office, and a non-participating candidate for elective state office other than a non-participating candidate for statewide elective office may not accept from any person other than a small contributor committee or a political party committee, any contribution totaling more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per election.
- (b) A person, other than a small contributor committee or political party committee, may not make to any non-participating candidate for statewide elective office, and a candidate for statewide elective office may not accept from any person other than a

		1)
1 2		utor committee or a political party committee, any contribution totaling o thousand dollars (\$2,000) per election.
3 4	(c) candidate's co	The provisions of this section do not apply to a non-participating ontributions of personal funds to the candidate's own campaign.
5 6	85402.	Contribution Limitations from Small Contributor Committees to Non- Participating Candidates
7 8 9 10 11 12	elective office non-participat	A small contributor committee may not make to any non-participating elective state office other than a non-participating candidate for statewide e, and a non-participating candidate for elective state office, other than a ting candidate for statewide elective office may not accept from a small emmittee, any contribution totaling more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
13 14 15 16	elective office	A small contributor committee may not make to any non-participating statewide elective office, and a non-participating candidate for statewide may not accept from a small contributor committee, any contribution than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per election.
17	85403.	Contributions to Committees and Political Party Committees
18 19 20	-	A person may not make to any committee, including an independent ommittee, and such a committee may not accept from any person, totaling more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per calendar year.
21 22 23		A person may not make in the aggregate to political party committees of tical party, and such party committees combined may not accept from any butions totaling more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per calendar year.
24 25 26 27 28	defray the car political party	Nothing in this chapter limits a candidate for elected state office from ontributions received by the candidate in excess of any amount necessary to adidate's expenses for election-related activities or holding office to a committee, provided those transferred contributions are used for purposes the paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 89519.
29 30		Article 5. Disclosure Requirements for Candidates & Committees
31	85501.	Disclosure of Excess Spending by Non-Participating Candidates
32	(a)	If a non-participating candidate's total expenditures or promises to make

(a) If a non-participating candidate's total expenditures or promises to make expenditures exceed the amount of Clean Money funding allocated to the candidate's participating opponent or opponents, the candidate shall declare every excess expenditure amount which, in the aggregate, is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to the Commission within 24 hours of the time the expenditure or promise is made, whichever occurs first.

- (b) The Commission may make its own determination as to whether excess expenditures have been made by non-participating candidates.
- (c) Upon receiving an excess expenditure declaration or determining that an excess expenditure has been made or has been obligated to be made, the Commission shall immediately release additional Clean Money funding to the opposing participating candidate or candidates in an amount equal to the excess expenditure amount the non-participating candidate has spent or has obligated to spend, subject to the limit set forth in subdivision (e) of Section 85314.

85502. <u>Disclosure of Independent Expenditures</u>

- (a) In addition to any other report required by this title, a committee, including a political party committee, that is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 and that makes or obligates itself to make independent expenditures of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more during an election cycle in connection with a candidate for elective state office or state ballot measure, shall file online or electronically a report with the Secretary of State and the Commission disclosing the making of, or the obligation to make, the independent expenditure. This report shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (b) of Section 84204 and shall be filed within 24 hours of the time the independent expenditure is made or has been obligated to be made.
- (b) The report to the Commission shall include a signed statement under penalty of perjury by the person or persons making the independent expenditure identifying the candidate or candidates whom the independent expenditure is intended to help elect or defeat and affirming that the expenditure is independent and has not been coordinated with a candidate or a political party.
- (c) Any individual or organization that fails to file the required report to the Commission or provides materially false information in a report filed pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) may be fined up to three times the amount of the independent expenditure. The criminal penalties in this chapter shall not apply to any violations of this section.
- (d) Upon receiving a report that an independent expenditure has been made or obligated to be made, the Commission shall immediately release additional Clean Money funding, equal in amount to the cost of the independent expenditure, to all participating candidates whom the independent expenditure is intended to oppose or defeat in that specific primary or general election, provided that:
 - (1) The dollar value of the independent expenditure, combined with the amount raised or received thus far by any opposing candidate who benefits from the independent expenditure, exceeds the original Clean Money funding amount received by the participating candidate plus the amount of any independent expenditures that supported or benefited the participating candidate.
 - (2) The maximum aggregate amount of additional funding a participating candidate receives to match the total_of independent expenditures and the excess expenditures of non-participating candidates is no more than an

additional two hundred percent (200%) of the participating candidate's initial Clean Money funding allocation for the relevant office.

(e) A controlled committee of a candidate may not make independent expenditures and may not contribute funds to another committee for the purpose of making independent expenditures to support or oppose other candidates.

85503. Electronic Filing of Contributions

- (a) In addition to any other report required by this title, a candidate for elective state office who is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 shall file online or electronically with the Secretary of State a report disclosing receipt of a contribution which totals in the aggregate one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more received from any contributor within 90 days before the election. The report shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (a) of Section 84203 and shall be filed within 24 hours of receipt of the contribution or contributions.
- (b) In addition to any other report required by this title, any committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more state ballot measures that is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 shall file online or electronically with the Secretary of State a report disclosing receipt of a contribution which totals in the aggregate one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more received from any contributor 90 days before the election. The report shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (a) of Section 84203 and shall be filed within 24 hours of receipt of the contribution.
- (c) In addition to any other report required by this title, a candidate for elective state office who is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 shall file online or electronically with the Secretary of State a report disclosing receipt of a contribution which totals in the aggregate one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more received from any contributor at any time other than 90 days before the election. The report shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (a) of Section 84203 and shall be filed within 10 business days of receipt of the contribution.
- (d) In addition to any other report required by this title, a committee primarily formed to support or oppose a state ballot measure that is required to file reports pursuant to Section 84605 shall file online or electronically with the Secretary of State a report disclosing receipt of a contribution which totals in the aggregate one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more received from any contributor at any time other than 90 days before the election. The report shall disclose the same information required by subdivision (a) of Section 84203 and shall be filed within 10 business days of receipt of the contribution.
- (e) Following each state general election, the Secretary of State shall issue reports summarizing the campaign contribution and expenditure data filed with the office. The summaries shall contain, among other things, compilations of how much each state candidate raised and spent for both the primary and general elections. The summaries shall also consist of data listing the top contributors to state campaigns and the recipients

of these contributions. The Secretary of State is encouraged to compile additional information at his or her discretion.

85504. <u>Disclosure of Electioneering Communications</u>

- (a) In addition to any other report required by this title, any person who makes a payment or a promise of payment totaling fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more for one or more communications that clearly identifies a candidate for elective state office and does not expressly advocate the election or defeat of the candidate, but that is disseminated, distributed, broadcast, or otherwise published within 45 days of an election for the purpose of promoting the election or defeat of the candidate, shall file online or electronically with the Secretary of State a report disclosing the name of the person, address, occupation, and employer, and amount of the payment. The report shall be filed within 24 hours of making the payment or the promise to make the payment, whichever comes first.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subdivision, if any person has received a payment or a promise of a payment from other persons totaling one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more for the purpose of making a communication described in subdivision (a), the person receiving the payment shall disclose on the report the name, address, occupation, and employer of the person who made the payment, and the date and the amount received or promised from the person.
- (2) A person who receives or is promised a payment that is otherwise reportable under paragraph (1) of this subdivision is not required to report the payment if the recipient is in the business of providing goods or services and receives or is promised the payment for the purpose of providing those goods or services.
- (c) Any payment received by a person who makes a communication described in subdivision (a) is subject to the limits specified in Article 4 of this chapter if the communication is made at the behest of the clearly identified candidate.

85505. <u>Campaign Advertisements</u>

All broadcast and print advertisements placed by candidates or their committees shall include a clear written or spoken statement indicating that the candidate has approved of the contents of the advertisement.

Article 6. Legal Defense and Officeholder Accounts

85601. Legal Defense and Officeholder Accounts

(a) A candidate for elective state office or an elected state officer may establish a separate account to defray attorney's fees and other related legal costs incurred for the candidate's or officer's legal defense if the candidate or officer is subject to one or more civil or criminal proceedings or administrative proceedings arising directly out of the conduct of an election campaign, the electoral process, or the

performance of the officer's governmental activities and duties. These funds may be used only to defray those attorney's fees and other related legal costs.

- (b) An elected state officer may establish a separate account to defray officeholder expenses that are set forth by the Commission. No funds from this account shall be used for a mass mailing. No officeholder account shall at any time exceed twenty-five_thousand dollars (\$25,000) for a Member of the Legislature or member of the State Board of Equalization, or fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for a statewide officeholder.
- (c) An elected state officer may receive contributions of up to five hundred dollars (\$500) per person per year in the aggregate for accounts established pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (b). All contributions shall be reported in a manner prescribed by the Commission. Contributions to those funds shall not be considered campaign contributions.
- (d) No elected state officeholder or state officeholder account or legal defense account shall solicit or accept a contribution from a registered state lobbyist or lobbyist employer if the lobbyist or lobbyist employer finances, engages in, or is authorized to engage in lobbying the government agency of the officeholder.
- (e) Once the legal dispute is resolved or the elected state official leaves office, the candidate shall dispose of any funds remaining after all expenses associated with the dispute are discharged or after the elected state official leaves office, for one or more of the purposes set forth in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (b) of Section 89519.

Article 7. Restrictions on All Candidates and Officeholders

25 85701. Transfers of Campaign Funds to Other Candidates Prohibited

A candidate for elective state office or committee controlled by that candidate may not make any contribution to any other candidate for elective state office, except that a candidate may make such contributions out of the personal funds of the candidate to the extent other provisions permit such contributions.

85702. Loans

- (a) The provisions of this chapter regarding loans apply to extensions of credit, including accrued expenses, but do not apply to loans made to a candidate by a commercial lending institution in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the general public for which the candidate is personally liable.
- (b) A non-participating candidate for elective state office may not personally loan to his or her campaign an amount, the outstanding balance of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) at any point in time. As of the date of the election, the outstanding balance on any loan or loans from the candidate to his or her campaign

- 1 may not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). A candidate may not charge
- interest on any loan the candidate makes to the candidate's campaign. 2

3 85703. **Family Contributions**

- 4 Contributions made by a husband and wife shall not be aggregated. (a)
- 5 (b) A contribution of \$50 or more made by a child under 18 years of age is 6 presumed to be a contribution from the parent or guardian of the child.

7 85704. Payments for Communications to Members

8 For purposes of this chapter, payments for publication of a regularly scheduled 9 newsletter to members, employees, shareholders, or families of members, employees, or shareholders of an organization, other than a political party, for the purpose of supporting 10 11 or opposing a candidate or a ballot measure are not contributions or expenditures if the 12 newsletter is not expanded beyond its normal circulation or size and if the newsletter or 13 its sponsoring organization do not receive any payments from candidates or ballot measures to be included in the newsletter. If those communications are distributed to

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- 15 persons who are not members, employees, shareholders, or families of members.
- employees, or shareholders of an organization, then the payments for communications to 16
- 17 those persons shall not be contributions or expenditures if those additional persons total
- 18 five percent (5%) or less of the normal circulation.

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19 85705. When Contributions May Be Received

20 A candidate or any committee controlled by the candidate may not solicit or 21 receive any contributions prior to the beginning of the exploratory period.

85706. Transfer of Campaign Funds Between Candidate's Committees

A non-participating candidate may transfer campaign funds from one controlled committee of the candidate to another controlled committee for elective state office of the same non-participating candidate. Contributions transferred shall be attributed to specific contributors using a "last in, first out" or "first in, first out" accounting method as established by the Commission, and these attributed contributions when aggregated with all other contributions from the same contributor for the same election may not exceed the limits set forth in Sections 85401 and 85402.

85707. Contributions Received After the Election

A non-participating candidate may accept a contribution after the date of the election only to the extent that the contribution does not exceed net debts outstanding from the election and the contribution does not otherwise exceed the applicable contribution limit for that election. All debts incurred in connection with an election shall be repaid or written off no later than 90 days after the date of the general election.

85708. Political Party Contributions and Expenditures

Candidates may accept monetary or in-kind contributions from political parties provided that the aggregate amount of such contributions from all political party committees combined does not exceed the equivalent of ten percent (10%) of the original Clean Money financing allotment for that office for that election pursuant to Section 85312. Contributions received from political parties pursuant to this section shall not count against the money spent by participating candidates.

85709. Bundling of Contributions

Contributions made directly or indirectly to or on behalf of a particular candidate through an intermediary or conduit shall be treated as contributions from the contributor and the intermediary or conduit to the candidate for the purposes of this limitation unless the intermediary or conduit is one of the following:

- (a) The candidate or representative of the candidate receiving contributions on behalf of the candidate, provided, however, that the representative does not include any of the following persons:
 - (1) A committee other than the candidate's campaign committee;
 - (2) An officer, employee, or agent of the committee other than the candidate's campaign committee;
 - (3) A person registered as a lobbyist with the government agency for which the candidate is running or is an officeholder.
 - (4) An officer, employee, or agent of a corporation or labor union acting on behalf of the corporation or labor union.
- (b) A volunteer, who otherwise does not fall under paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subdivision (a), hosting a fundraising event outside the volunteer's place of business.

85710. Payments Made at the Behest of Officeholders

A payment made principally for legislative, governmental, or charitable purposes made at the behest of a candidate who is an elected officer shall be reported within 30 days following the date on which the payment or payments equal or exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in the aggregate from the same source in the same calendar year in which the payment or payments are made. The report shall be filed by the elected officer with the elected officer's agency and shall be a public record subject to inspection and copying pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (a) of Section 81008. The report shall contain the following information: name of payor, address of payor, amount of the payment, date or dates the payment or payments were made, the name and address of the payee, a brief description of the goods or services provided or purchased, if any, and a description of the specific purpose or event for which the payment or payments were made. Once the one thousand dollars (\$1,000) aggregate threshold from a single source has been reached for a calendar year, all payments for the calendar year made by that source shall be

- disclosed within 30 days after the date the threshold was reached or the payment was
- 2 made, whichever occurs later. Within 30 days after receipt of the report, state agencies
- 3 shall forward a copy of these reports to the Fair Political Practices Commission, and local
- 4 agencies shall forward a copy of these reports to the officer with whom elected officers of
- 5 that agency file their campaign statements.

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85711. <u>Disqualification for Receipt of Contributions</u>.

Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 82030, a contribution of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more received by a state candidate or state officeholder shall be considered income subject to the disqualification provisions of this title.

85712. Deposit of Contributions

- (a) A candidate or committee shall not deposit and shall return within 14 days any contribution of one hundred dollars (\$100) or more for which the candidate or committee does not have on file in the records of the candidate or committee the name, address, occupation, and employer of the contributor. Unless returned prior to the due date for any report or filing required by this title, receipt of the contribution shall nevertheless be reported on the required report or filing with as much information as is available at the time and a notation that the contribution has not been deposited. Contributions from unidentified individuals and contributions that cannot be returned because the donor cannot be located with reasonable diligence shall be deposited with the
- (b) A candidate or committee may return a contribution pursuant to subdivision (a) after the date that the candidate or committee has reported the contribution under any provision of this title.

25 85713. Return of Contributions

Clean Elections Fund.

A candidate for state elective office may return all or part of any contribution to the donor who made the contribution at any time, whether or not other contributions are returned. All such contributions shall be reported unless they are returned prior to the closing date of the next campaign statement that is due.

30 85714. Contributions from Lobbyists

An elected state officer or candidate for elected state office may not accept a contribution from a lobbyist, and a lobbyist may not make a contribution to an elected state officer or candidate for elected state office, if that lobbyist is registered to lobby the governmental agency for which the candidate is seeking election or the governmental agency of the elected state officer.

85715. Contributions Funneled Through Intermediary; Earmarked Contributions

A person may not make any contribution to a committee on the condition or with the agreement that it will be contributed to any particular candidate unless the

1 2	contribution is fully disclosed pursuant to Section 84302. Such a contribution shall be subject to all the provisions of this title.			
3	85716.	Local J	<u>urisdictions</u>	
4 5		_	s chapter shall nullify contribution limitations or prohibitions of any apply to elections for local elective office.	
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7	85717.	Launde	ered Contributions	
8 9 10 11 12	Any candidate or committee that makes or receives a contribution in violation of Section 84301 shall pay to the General Fund of the state an amount equal to up to three times the amount of the contribution. Liability for payment to the state for violation of this provision shall be imposed upon the candidate who made or received the contribution and upon any committee controlled by such person.			
13	85718.	Foreign	n Contributions	
14 15 16 17		son, any	eign government or foreign principal shall make, directly or through contribution, expenditure, or independent expenditure in ualification or support of, or opposition to, any state or local ballot	
18 19 20		nment or	son and no committee shall solicit or accept a contribution from a foreign principal in connection with the qualification or support my state or local ballot measure.	
21	(c)	For pur	rposes of this section, a "foreign principal" includes the following:	
22		(1)	A foreign political party.	
23 24	establi	(2) shed:	A person outside the United States, unless either of the following is	
25 26		States.	(A) The person is an individual and a citizen of the United	
27 28 29 30		subject	(B) The person is not an individual and is organized under or by the laws of the United States or of any state or other place to the jurisdiction of the United States and has its principal place ness within the United States.	
31 32 33			A partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other f persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place a foreign country.	
34 35	contril		A domestic subsidiary of a foreign corporation if the decision to xpend funds is made by an officer, director, or management	

1 2	employee of the foreign corporation who is neither a citizen of the United States nor a lawfully admitted permanent resident of the United States.	tates			
3 4	(d) This section shall not prohibit a contribution, expenditure, or independent expenditure made by a lawfully admitted permanent resident.	ndent			
5 6	(e) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemean shall be fined an amount equal to the amount contributed or expended.	or and			
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8	85719. <u>Coordinated Expenditures</u>				
9 10 11 12 13	An expenditure shall not be considered independent, and shall instead be treated as a contribution from the person making the expenditure to the candidate on whose behalf, or for whose benefit, the expenditure is made, if the expenditure is made in coordination with a candidate or the candidate's campaign in accordance with the criteria of Section 85107.				
14 15	85720. <u>Prohibition on Independent Expenditures By Candidate Controlled Committees</u>				
16 17 18	A controlled committee of a candidate may not make independent expenditures and may not contribute funds to another committee for the purpose of making independent expenditures to support or oppose other candidates.				
19	Article 8. Ballot Pamphlet Statements				
20	85801. Ballot Pamphlet				
21 22 23 24 25	The Secretary of State shall designate in the state ballot pamphlet those can for statewide elective office, as defined in Section 82053, who have voluntarily agr be participating candidates. Local elections officers shall designate in the voter information portion of the sample ballot those candidates for Member of the State S and Member of the Assembly who have voluntarily agreed to be participating cand	reed to Senate			
26	85802. <u>Candidate Access to Ballot Pamphlet Statement</u>				
27 28 29 30 31 32	(a) A candidate for statewide elective office, as defined in Section 8205 who is a participating candidate may place a statement in the state ballot pamphlet does not exceed 250 words. The statement may not make any reference to any opp of the candidate. The statement shall be submitted in accordance with timeframes a procedures set forth by the Secretary of State for the preparation of the state ballot pamphlets.	that onent			
33 34 35 36	(b) A candidate for Member of the State Senate or Member of the Asser who is a participating candidate may place a statement in the voter information por the sample ballot that does not exceed 250 words. The statement may not make an reference to any opponent of the candidate. The statement shall be submitted in	tion of			

2	preparation of the voter information portion of the sample ballot.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	(c) A non-participating candidate may pay to place a statement in the appropriate ballot pamphlet or voter information portion of the sample ballot that does not exceed 250 words. The statement may not make any reference to any opponent of the candidate. The statement shall be submitted in accordance with timeframes and procedures set forth by the Secretary of State and the Elections Code for the preparation of the state ballot pamphlets and the voter information portion of the sample ballot. The non-participating candidate shall be charged his or her pro rata share among all candidates with ballot statements for the cost of printing, handling, translating and mailing the campaign statement.
12 13	Article 9. Appropriations for and Administration of the Clean Elections Fund
14	Nature and Purposes of the Clean Elections Fund
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) The Clean Elections Fund is hereby created in the State Treasury and, notwithstanding Section 13340, there is continuously appropriated each fiscal year beginning in fiscal year 2005-2006 from the Fund to the Commission an amount equal to five dollars (\$5) per year for each California resident, as determined by the State Department of Finance as of the beginning of each fiscal year. The following sources of revenue shall be deposited into the fund:
21 22 23	(1) The oil severance tax revenues received in accordance with Part 25 (commencing with Section 48001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code;
24 25 26	(2) The qualifying contributions required of candidates seeking to become certified as participating candidates and candidates' excess qualifying contributions;
27 28	(3) The excess seed money contributions of candidates seeking to become certified as participating candidates;
29 30 31 32 33	(4) Unspent funds distributed to any participating candidate who does not remain a candidate until the primary or general election for which they were distributed, or those funds that remain unspent by a participating candidate following the date of the primary or general election for which they were distributed;
34 35	(5) Fines levied by the Commission against candidates for violation of election laws;
36	(6) Voluntary donations made directly to the Clean Elections Fund;
37	(7) Other funds appropriated by the legislature; and
38	(8) Any interest generated by the Fund.

accordance with the timeframes and procedures set forth in the Elections Code for the

- (b) There is hereby appropriated from the Clean Elections Fund to the Fair Political Practices Commission the sum of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) annually, above and beyond the appropriations established for the operations of the Commission, for expenditures to support the operations of the Commission pursuant to this chapter.
- (c) Monies deposited into the Clean Elections Fund shall be use to provide public financing for the election campaigns of certified participating candidates during primary and general campaign periods, and to pay for the administrative and enforcement costs of the Commission related to this chapter.
- (d) The Legislature may appropriate additional money from the General Fund or from other sources to support the implementation of this chapter.

85902. Administration and Dispersal of Money from the Fund

- (a) Upon determination that a candidate has met all the requirements for becoming a participating candidate as provided for in this chapter, the Commission shall issue to the candidate a card, known as the "Clean Elections Debit Card," and a "line of debit" entitling the candidate and members of the candidate's staff to draw Clean Money funds from a Commission account to pay for all campaign costs and expenses up to the amount of Clean Money funding the candidate has received.
- (b) Neither a participating candidate nor any other person on behalf of a participating candidate shall pay campaign costs by cash, check, money order, loan, or by any other financial means other than the Clean Elections Debit Card.
- (c) Cash amounts of one hundred dollars (\$100) or less per day may be drawn on the Clean Elections Debit Card and used to pay expenses of no more than twenty-five dollars (\$25) each. Records of all of these expenditures shall be maintained and reported to the Commission.

85903. <u>Insufficient Funds in the Program</u>

If the Commission determines that there are insufficient funds in the program to fund adequately all candidates eligible for Clean Money funds, the Commission shall reduce the grants proportionately to all eligible candidates. If the Commission notifies a candidate that the Clean Money funds will be reduced and the candidate has not received any Clean Money funds, the candidate may decide to be a non-participating candidate. If a candidate has already received Clean Money funds or wishes to start receiving such funds, a candidate who wishes to collect private contributions may do so in amounts up to the contribution limits provided for non-participating candidates but may not collect more than the total of Clean Money funds that the candidate was entitled to receive had there been sufficient funds in the program less the amount of Clean Money funds that will be or have been provided. If, at a later point, the Commission determines that adequate funds have become available, candidates, who have not raised private funds, shall receive the remaining funds owed to them.

85904. Repayment of Excess Expenditures

- (a) If a participating candidate spends or obligates to spend more than the Clean Money funding the candidate is given, and if it is determined by the Commission, subject to court review, not to be an amount that had or could have been expected to have a significant impact on the outcome of the election, then the candidate shall repay to the Clean Elections Fund an amount equal to the excess.
- (b) If a participating candidate spends or obligates to spend more than the Clean Money funding the candidate is given, and if that excess amount is determined by a court to be an amount that had or could have been expected to have a significant impact on the outcome of the election, then the candidate shall repay to the Clean Elections Fund an amount up to ten times the value of the excess.

12 85905. Penalties

It is unlawful for candidates to knowingly accept more benefits than those to which they are entitled, to spend more than the amount of Clean Money funding they have received, or to misuse such benefits or Clean Money funding.

- (a) If it is determined that the violation was intentional and involved an amount that had or could have been expected to have a significant impact on the outcome of the election, the candidate may be fined up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or imprisoned for up to five years, or both.
- (b) If it is determined that the violation was intentional and involved an amount that had or could have been expected to have a significant impact on the outcome of the election, and if, in the judgment of the Commission, the violation is believed to have contributed to the violator winning election to the Legislature, the Commission may recommend to the Legislature that the results of the legislative election be nullified and a new election called.
- (c) Any person who is found guilty of any crime established by this chapter shall be sentenced to at least one day and one night in jail.

85906. Cost of Living Adjustments

The Commission shall adjust the contribution limitations, seed money provisions and the Clean Money fund provisions in January of every odd-numbered year beginning in 2007 to reflect any increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index. Those adjustments shall be rounded to the nearest ten dollars (\$10) for the seed money provisions, one hundred dollars (\$100) for the limitations on contributions, and one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the Clean Money provisions.

- 1 Section 6. Part 25 (commencing with Section 48001), entitled "Oil Severance Tax." 2 is added to Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read: 3 48001. Excise and Privilege Tax on Oil Severance 4 There is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes imposed by law, an excise 5 and privilege tax on every person severing oil from the soil or the waters, or from beneath the soil or the waters, of the state of California for sale, transport, storage, profit or for 6 7 use. The tax shall apply to all oil extracted or withdrawn from the soil or water or from 8 below the surface of the soil or water, whether such extraction or withdrawal shall be by 9 natural flow, mechanically enforced flow, pumping, or any other means employed to get the oil from the soil or water or from below the surface of the soil or water. 10 11 48002. Oil Severance Tax Rate 12 The Board of Equalization shall set the initial rate of taxation pursuant to this 13 Part, and shall adjust such rate annually thereafter in January of each year, in such 14 amount so that the total annual revenues to be provided from the oil severance tax shall 15 equal five dollars (\$5) for every person residing in the state, as determined by the 16 Department of Finance as of the beginning of the prior fiscal year. 17 48003. Deposit of Oil Severance Tax Revenues into Clean Elections Fund 18 All revenues received pursuant to this Part shall be immediately deposited into the 19 Clean Elections Fund established pursuant to Government Code section 85901 to be 20 appropriated in accordance with that section and only for the purposes set forth in that 21 section.
- 22 48004. Authorization to Adopt Implementing Legislation and Regulations
 - The Legislature is hereby authorized and directed to adopt all necessary and appropriate additional legislation for the implementation of the oil severance tax imposed by this Part.
 - The Board of Equalization is hereby authorized and directed to adopt all necessary and appropriate rules and regulations for the implementation of the oil severance tax imposed by this Part.
 - 48005. Effective Date and Sunset Provisions

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- 30 The oil severance tax authorized to be imposed by this Part shall be 31 imposed and become effective on January 1, 2005, for all oil extracted or withdrawn 32 subsequent to that date. The tax shall be imposed and collected on a quarterly basis 33 thereafter.
- 34 The oil severance tax authorized to be imposed by this Part shall be 35 imposed only through December 31, 2010, on oil extracted or withdrawn prior to that 36 date, unless the authorization for and imposition of the tax is subsequently extended by 37 the Legislature or another initiative measure.

Section 7. Severability

The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 8. Amendments

(a) The provisions of Section 81012 of the Government Code, which allow legislative amendments to the Political Reform Act of 1974, shall apply to the provisions of Section 5 of this act.

(b) The provisions of Section 6 of this act may be amended by the Legislature, but only to further its purposes, and only by three-fifths of the membership of each house concurring, or by a statute that becomes effective only when approved by the electorate.

Section 9. Consistency with Existing Provisions

Section 6 of this act shall be deemed to amend the Political Reform Act of 1974 as amended and all of its provisions that do not conflict with this chapter shall apply to the provisions of this chapter.

Section 10. Effective Date

This act shall become effective immediately upon approval by the voters and shall apply to elections held on or after January 1, 2005, except that it shall not apply to any special elections or special run-off elections that are held before July 1, 2005.